



1Z0-062^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Installation and Administration

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QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about standard database auditing? (Choose two.)

- A. DDL statements can be audited.
- B. Statements that refer to standalone procedure can be audited.
- C. Operations by the users logged on as SYSDBA cannot be audited.
- D. Only one audit record is ever created for a session per audited statement even though it is executed more than once.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 2

Your database supports a DSS workload that involves the execution of complex queries: Currently, the library cache contains the ideal workload for analysis. You want to analyze some of the queries for an application that are cached in the library cache.

What must you do to receive recommendations about the efficient use of indexes and materialized views to improve query performance?

- A. Create a SQL Tuning Set (STS) that contains the queries cached in the library cache and run the SQL Tuning Advisor (STA) on the workload captured in the STS.
- B. Run the Automatic Workload Repository Monitor (AWR).
- C. Create an STS that contains the queries cached in the library cache and run the SQL Performance Analyzer (SPA) on the workload captured in the STS.
- D. Create an STS that contains the queries cached in the library cache and run the SQL Access Advisor on the workload captured in the STS.

Correct Answer: D

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SQL Access Advisor is primarily responsible for making schema modification recommendations, such as adding or dropping indexes and materialized views. SQL Tuning Advisor makes other types of

recommendations, such as creating SQL profiles and restructuring SQL statements.

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The query optimizer can also help you tune SQL statements. By using SQL Tuning Advisor and SQL Access Advisor, you can invoke the query optimizer in advisory mode to examine a SQL statement or set of statements and determine how to improve their efficiency. SQL Tuning Advisor and SQL Access Advisor can make various recommendations, such as creating SQL profiles, restructuring SQL statements, creating additional indexes or materialized views, and refreshing optimizer statistics.

Note:



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Decision support system (DSS) workload

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The library cache is a shared pool memory structure that stores executable SQL and PL/SQL code. This cache contains the shared SQL and PL/SQL areas and control structures such as locks and library cache handles.

QUESTION 3

Which two are true about database table rows? (Choose two.)

- A. They always have a row header.
- B. They are always stored in a single database block.
- C. They are chained across multiple blocks only when the table has more than 255 columns.
- D. They have a row header only when they are chained across multiple database blocks.
- E. They can be stored in a single database block.

Correct Answer: CE

Reference <https://blogs.sap.com/2013/02/17/oracle-unchain-database-and-sql-performance-by-designrow-chaining/>

QUESTION 4

Your database instance has started using an SPFILE. Examine the RMAN configuration settings:

```
CONFIGURE RETENTION POLICY TO REDUNDANCY 1; # default
CONFIGURE BACKUP OPTIMIZATION OFF; # default
CONFIGURE DEFAULT DEVICE TYPE TO DISK; # default
CONFIGURE CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP ON;
CONFIGURE CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP FORMAT FOR DEVICE TYPE DISK TO '%F'; default
```

You execute the command:

```
RMAN> BACKUP AS COPY TABLESPACE TEST;
```

Which three types of files are backed up by using this command? (Choose three.)

- A. online redo log files
- B. control file
- C. SPFILE
- D. archived redo log files
- E. data file(s)



F. PFILE

Correct Answer: BCE

References: <http://www.juliandyke.com/Research/RMAN/BackupCommand.php>

QUESTION 5

What is the benefit of running the catctl.pl script during an upgrade of a pre-12c database to an Oracle 12c database?

- A. It provides a summary of the upgrade results.
- B. It recompiles all invalid PL/SQL and Java code.
- C. It generates a log file containing the fixes that can be made to the source database.
- D. It provides parallel upgrade options to finish the upgrade process with a reduced down time.
- E. It generates fix-up scripts to be run on the source database before upgrade.

Correct Answer: D

References: <https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/UPGRD/upgrade.htm#UPGRD52860>

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