

# 1Z0-051<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 11g: SQL Fundamentals I

# Pass Oracle 1Z0-051 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers PDF and VCE file from:

https://www.passapply.com/1Z0-051.html

100% Passing Guarantee 100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle
Official Exam Center

- Instant Download After Purchase
- 100% Money Back Guarantee
- 365 Days Free Update
- 800,000+ Satisfied Customers





#### **QUESTION 1**

Which is a valid CREATE TABLE statement?

- A. CREATE TABLE EMP9\$# AS (empid number(2));
- B. CREATE TABLE EMP\*123 AS (empid number(2));
- C. CREATE TABLE PACKAGE AS (packid number(2));
- D. CREATE TABLE 1EMP\_TEST AS (empid number(2));

Correct Answer: A

Explanation: Table names and column names must begin with a letter and be 1-30 characters long. Characters A-Z,a-z, 0-9, \_, \$ and # (legal characters but their use is discouraged).

Incorrect answer:

- B Non alphanumeric character such as "\*" is discourage in Oracle table name.
- D Table name must begin with a letter.

Refer: Introduction to Oracle9i: SQL, Oracle University Study Guide, 9-4

#### **QUESTION 2**

View the Exhibits and examine PRODUCTS and SALES tables.





### https://www.passapply.com/1Z0-051.html

2021 Latest passapply 1Z0-051 PDF and VCE dumps Download

You issue the following query to display product name and the number of times the product has been sold:

SQL>SELECT p.prod\_name, i.item\_cnt FROM (SELECT prod\_id, COUNT(\*) item\_cnt FROM sales GROUP BY prod\_id) i RIGHT OUTER JOIN products p ON i.prod\_id = p.prod\_id;

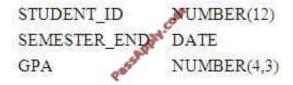
What happens when the above statement is executed?

- A. The statement executes successfully and produces the required output.
- B. The statement produces an error because ITEM\_CNT cannot be displayed in the outer query.
- C. The statement produces an error because a subquery in the FROM clause and outer-joins cannot be used together.
- D. The statement produces an error because the GROUP BY clause cannot be used in a subquery in the FROM clause.

Correct Answer: A

#### **QUESTION 3**

The STUDENT\_GRADES table has these columns:



Which statement finds students who have a grade point average (GPA) greater than 3.0 for the calendar year 2001?

A. SELECT student\_id, gpa FROM student\_grades WHERE semester\_end BETWEEN \\'01-JAN-2001\\' AND \\'31-DEC-2001\\' OR gpa > 3.;

- B. SELECT student\_id, gpa FROM student\_grades WHERE semester\_end BETWEEN \\'01-JAN-2001\\' AND \\'31-DEC-2001\\' AND gpa gt 3.0;
- C. SELECT student\_id, gpa FROM student\_grades WHERE semester\_end BETWEEN \\'01-JAN-2001\\' AND \\'31-DEC-2001\\' AND gpa > 3.0;
- D. SELECT student\_id, gpa FROM student\_grades WHERE semester\_end BETWEEN \\'01-JAN-2001\\' AND \\'31-DEC-2001\\' OR gpa > 3.0;
- E. SELECT student\_id, gpa FROM student\_grades WHERE semester\_end > \\'01-JAN-2001\\' OR semester\_end = 3.0:

Correct Answer: C

#### **QUESTION 4**

View the Exhibit and examine the data in the PROMOTIONS table.

#### https://www.passapply.com/1Z0-051.html 2021 Latest passapply 1Z0-051 PDF and VCE dumps Download

PROMOTIONS		
PROMO_ID	PROMO_CATEGORY	PROMO_SUBCATEGORY
506	magazine	discount
507	TV	
508	newspaper	discount
509	post	general advt
510	post	discount
511	radio 💮	general advt
512	newspaper	general advt
513	nowspaper	discount
514	magazine	general advt
515	newspaper	discount
516	newspaper	general advt

You need to display all promo categories that do not have \\'discount\\' in their subcategory. Which two SQL statements give the required result? (Choose two.)

- A. SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions MINUS SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions WHERE promo\_subcategory = \\'discount\\';
- B. SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions INTERSECT SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions WHERE promo\_subcategory = \\'discount\\';
- C. SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions MINUS SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions WHERE promo\_subcategory \\'discount\\';
- D. SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions INTERSECT SELECT promo\_category FROM promotions WHERE promo\_subcategory \\'discount\\';

Correct Answer: AD

## **QUESTION 5**

Which two statements are true regarding constraints? (Choose two.)

- A. A foreign key cannot contain NULL values.
- B. The column with a UNIQUE constraint can store NULLS .
- C. A constraint is enforced only for an INSERT operation on a table.
- D. You can have more than one column in a table as part of a primary key.

Correct Answer: BD

Latest 1Z0-051 Dumps

1Z0-051 PDF Dumps

1Z0-051 Practice Test



To Read the Whole Q&As, please purchase the Complete Version from Our website.

# Try our product!

100% Guaranteed Success

100% Money Back Guarantee

365 Days Free Update

**Instant Download After Purchase** 

24x7 Customer Support

Average 99.9% Success Rate

More than 800,000 Satisfied Customers Worldwide

Multi-Platform capabilities - Windows, Mac, Android, iPhone, iPod, iPad, Kindle

We provide exam PDF and VCE of Cisco, Microsoft, IBM, CompTIA, Oracle and other IT Certifications. You can view Vendor list of All Certification Exams offered:

https://www.passapply.com/allproducts

# **Need Help**

Please provide as much detail as possible so we can best assist you. To update a previously submitted ticket:





Any charges made through this site will appear as Global Simulators Limited.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Copyright © passapply, All Rights Reserved.