

1Z0-047^{Q&As}

Oracle Database SQL Expert

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QUESTION 1

Evaluate the following CREATE SEQUENCE statement:

CREATE SEQUENCE seql START WITH 100 INCREMENT BY 10 MAXVALUE 200 CYCLE NOCACHE;

The sequence SEQ1 has generated numbers up to the maximum limit of 200. You issue the following SQL statement:

SELECT seql.nextval FROM dual;

What is displayed by the SELECT statement?

A. 1

B. 10

C. 100

D. an error

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

Evaluate the following CREATE TABLE command:

CREATE TABLE order_item (order_id NUMBER(3),

Item_id NUMBER(2),

qty NUMBER(4),

CONSTRAINT ord_itm_id_pk

PRIMARY KEY (order_id jtem_id)

USING INDEX

(CREATE INDEX ord_itm_idx

ON order_item(order_id item_id)));

Which statement is true regarding the above SOL statement?

A. It would execute successfully and only ORD_ITM_IDX index would be created.

- B. It would give an error because the USING INDEX clause cannot be used on a composite primary key.
- C. It would execute successfully and two indexes ORD_ITM_IDX and ORD_ITM_ID_PK would be created.
- D. It would give an error because the USING INDEX clause is not permitted in the CREATE TABLE command.

Correct Answer: A



QUESTION 3

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the ORDER_ITEMS table. You need to display the ORDER_ID of the order that has the highest total value among all the orders in the ORDER ITEMS table.

Which query would produce the desired output?

ORDER_ID	LINE_ITEM_ID	PRODUCT_ID	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY
2355	4	2322	19	188
2355	5	2323	17	190
2355	9	2359	226.6	204
2355	1	2289	46	200
2356	5	2308	58	47
2356	6	2311	95	51
2356	1	2264	199.1	38
2356	2	2274	148.5	34
2356	3	2293	98	40
2356	4	2299	72	4.4
2357	2	2245	462	26
2357	3	2252	788.7	26
2357	4	2257	371,8	29
2357	5	2262	95	29

A. SELECT order_id FROM order_itemsWHERE(unit_price*quantity) = MAX(unit_price*quantity) GROUP BY order_id;

- B. SELECT order_id FROM order_itemsWHERE(unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX (unit_price*quantity) FROM order_items) GROUP BY order_id;
- C. SELECT order_id FROM order_itemsWHERE (unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX (unit_price*quantity) FROM order_items GROUP BY order_id);
- D. SELECT order_id FROM order_items GROUP BY order_idHAVING SUM(unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX(SUM(unit_price*quantity)) FROM order_items GROUP BY order_id);

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the description of the ORDER_ITEMS and PRODUCT_INFORMATION tables.

The ORDER ITEM table has records pertaining to details for each product in an order. The PRODUCT INFORMATION table has records for all the products available for ordering.

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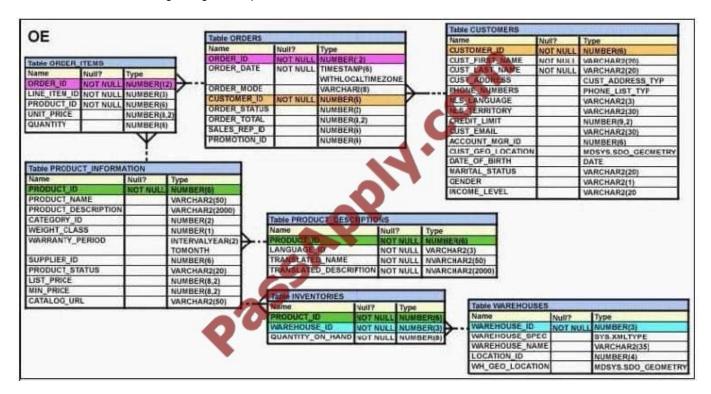
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Evaluate the following SOL statement:

SELECT oi.order_id, pi.product_id

FROM orderjtems oi RIGHT OUTER JOIN product_information pi ON (oi. product_id=pi. Product_id);

Which statement is true regarding the output of this SOL statement?



- A. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for only those products that are ordered.
- B. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for the products that are ordered as well as for the products that have never been ordered.
- C. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for the products that are ordered but not listed in the PRODUCT_INFORMATION table.
- D. The query would return the ORDER_ID and PRODUCT_ID for those products that are ordered as well as for the products that have never been ordered, and for the products that are not listed in the PRODUCT INFORMATION table.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Evaluate the following statement:

CREATE TABLE bonuses(employee_id NUMBER, bonus NUMBER DEFAULT 100); The details of all employees who have made sales need to be inserted into the BONUSES table. You can obtain the list of employees who have made sales based on the SALES_REP_ID column of the ORDERS table. The human resources manager now decides that employees with a salary of \$8,000 or less should receive a bonus. Those who have not made sales get a bonus of 1% of their salary. Those who have made sales get a bonus of 1 % of their



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salary and also a salary increase of 1 %. The salary of each employee can be obtained from the EMPLOYEES table. Which option should be used to perform this task most efficiently?

- A. MERGE
- B. Unconditional INSERT
- C. Conditional ALL INSERT
- D. Conditional FIRST INSERT

Correct Answer: C

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